



I-35/I-80/Iowa 141 Interchange IJR and NEPA

A Practical Approach to Resolving a Decades-Old Traffic
Operations Challenge

Client:  IOWA
DOT

AJR or IJR?



This is a
TO-MAY-TO



This is a
TO-MAH-TO

Practical Design



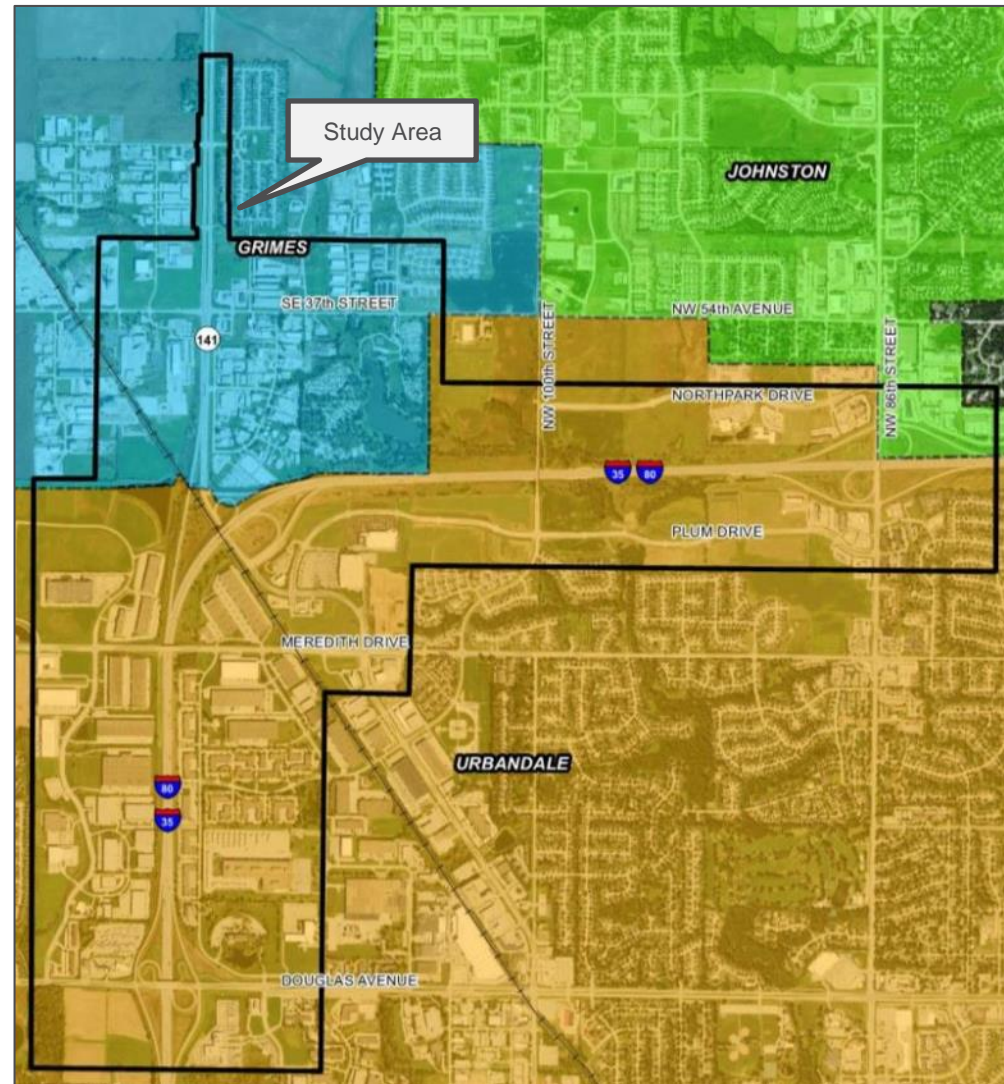
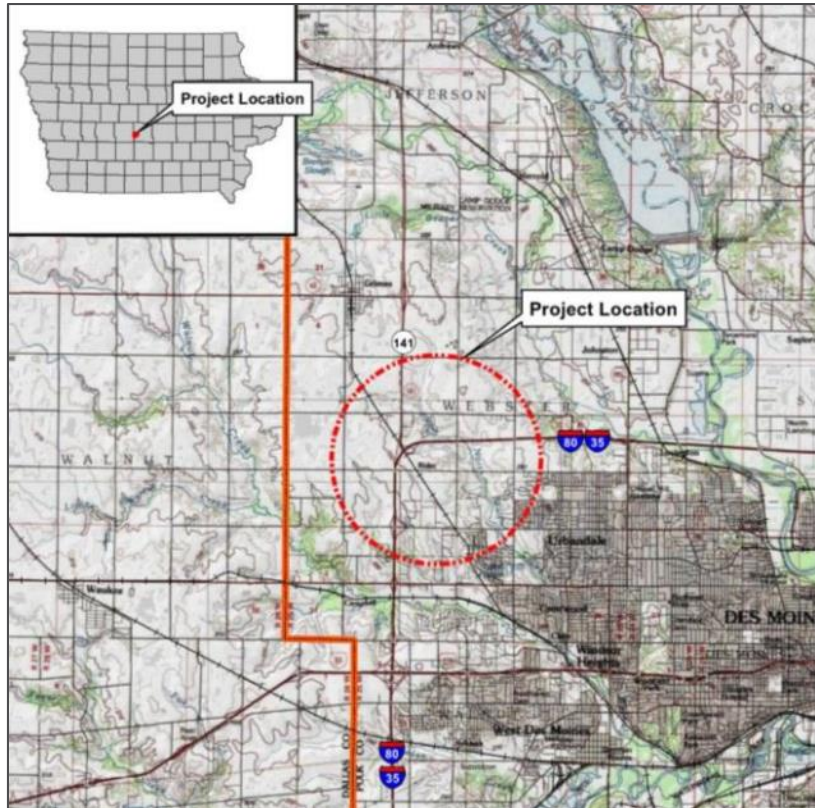
PRACTICAL / *adjective*

(of an idea, plan, or method) likely to succeed or be effective in real circumstances; feasible.

“neither of these strategies is **practical** for smaller businesses”

synonyms: feasible, practicable, realistic, viable, workable, possible, reasonable, sensible

Project Location & Study Area



Root of the Problem

- 27% of NB Interstate traffic take exit loop
- 88% of exit loop traffic continue north
- Loop over capacity
- Minimal decision sight distance to exit loop
- Persistent queuing on Interstate
- Crash rates above statewide averages on 141



Purpose and Need



Purpose of Project

- **Improve** safety and **increase** traffic capacity
- Evaluate **new Interstate System access** between the Douglas Ave and NW 86th Street Interchanges

Need for Action

- **Back ups** during peak traffic hours
- Northbound exit loop ramp **over capacity**
- **Crashes** are above statewide average

Other Needs/Constraints

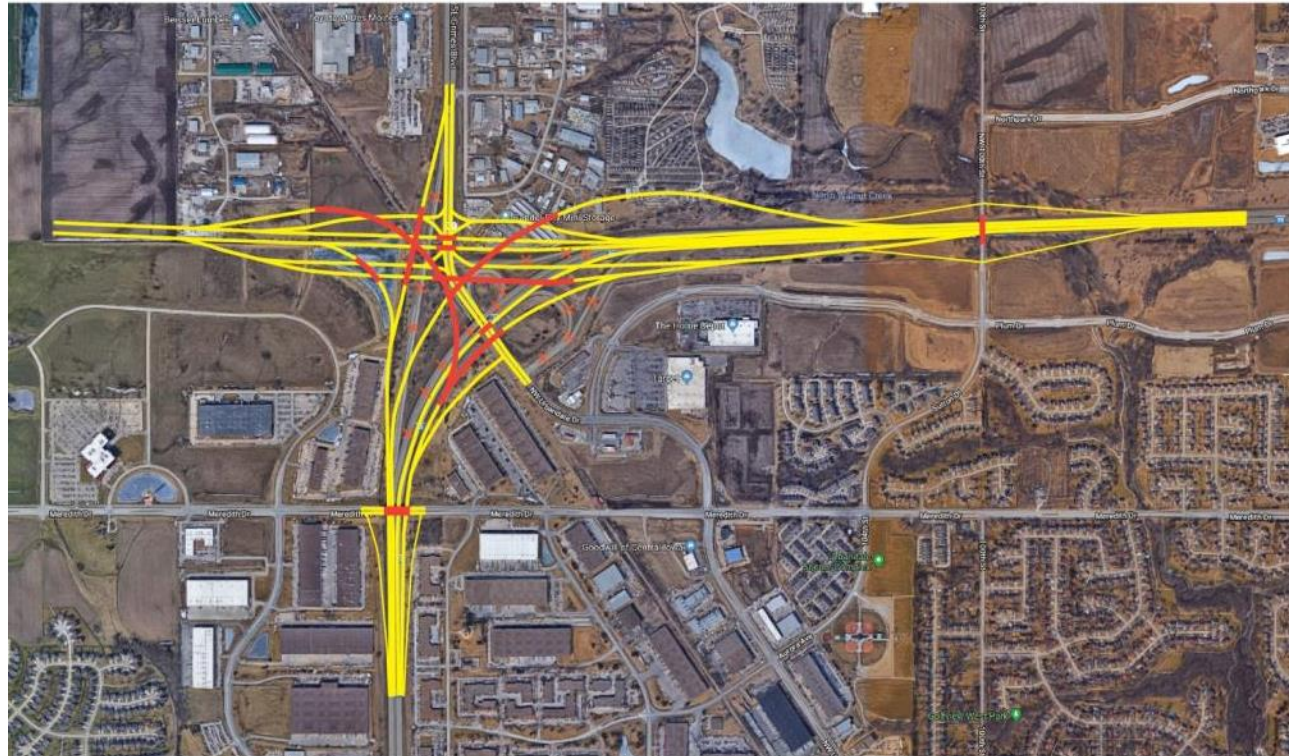
- Rail Corridor
 - Rail Spur
 - High Power Transmission
 - HP Gas
- Access to existing commercial
- New access to developing ground



Multiple Solutions Have Been Studied

Significant systems interchange

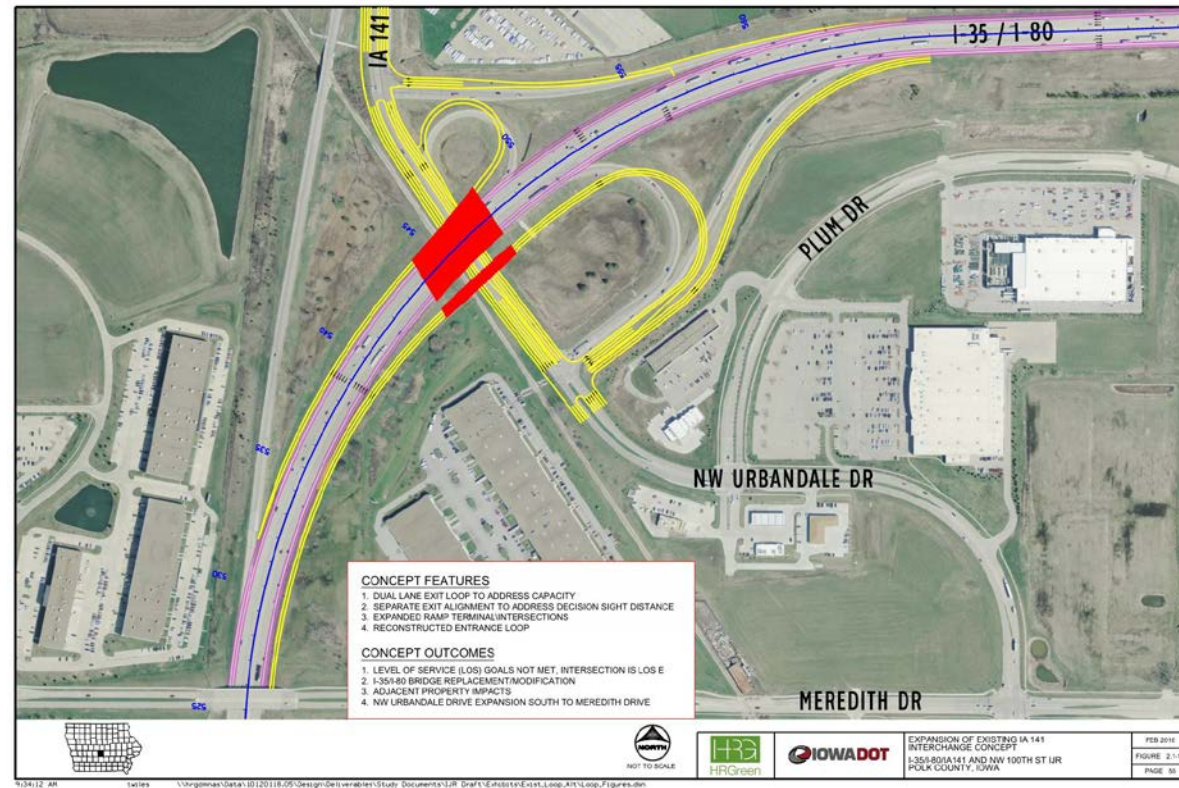
- Feasible?
 - Maybe – limited ability to extend I-80 west
- Viable?
 - Not really – Cost and ROW impacts too high



Multiple Solutions Have Been Studied

Rebuild existing form of interchange to current standards

- Feasible?
 - Yes
- Viable?
 - Not so much – Limited operations improvement for cost



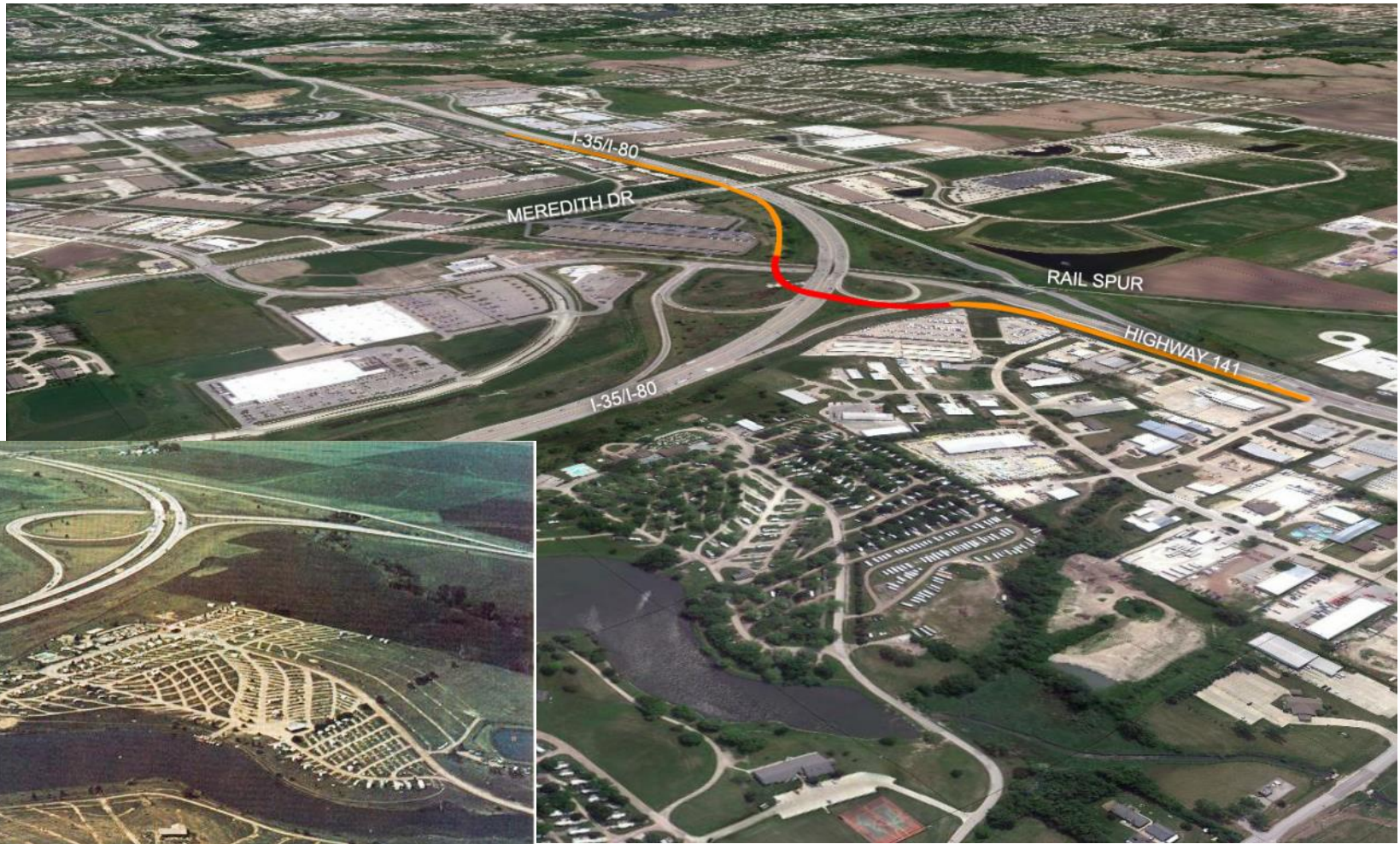
Multiple Solutions Have Been Studied

Rebuild existing form of interchange – add western access point

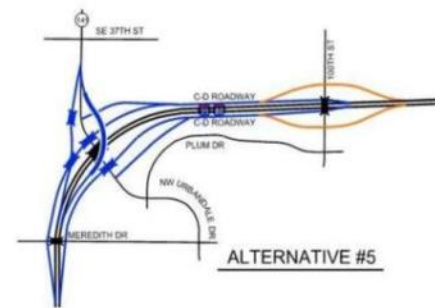
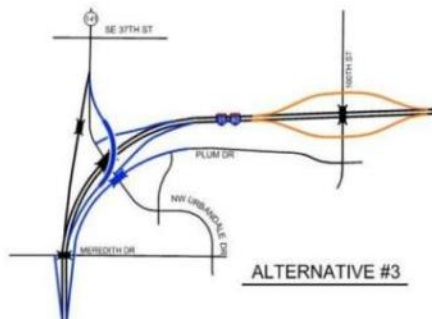
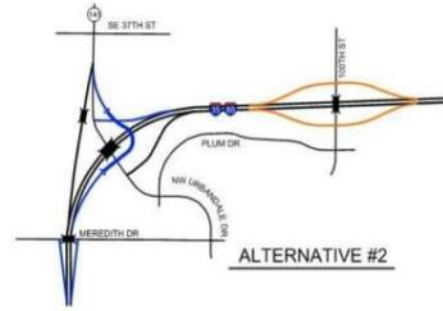
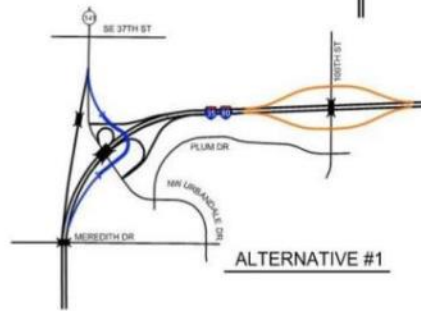
- Feasible?
 - Yes
- Viable?
 - No – Does not solve root capacity and geometric challenges



Solve the Most Critical Problem First



Alternatives Considered



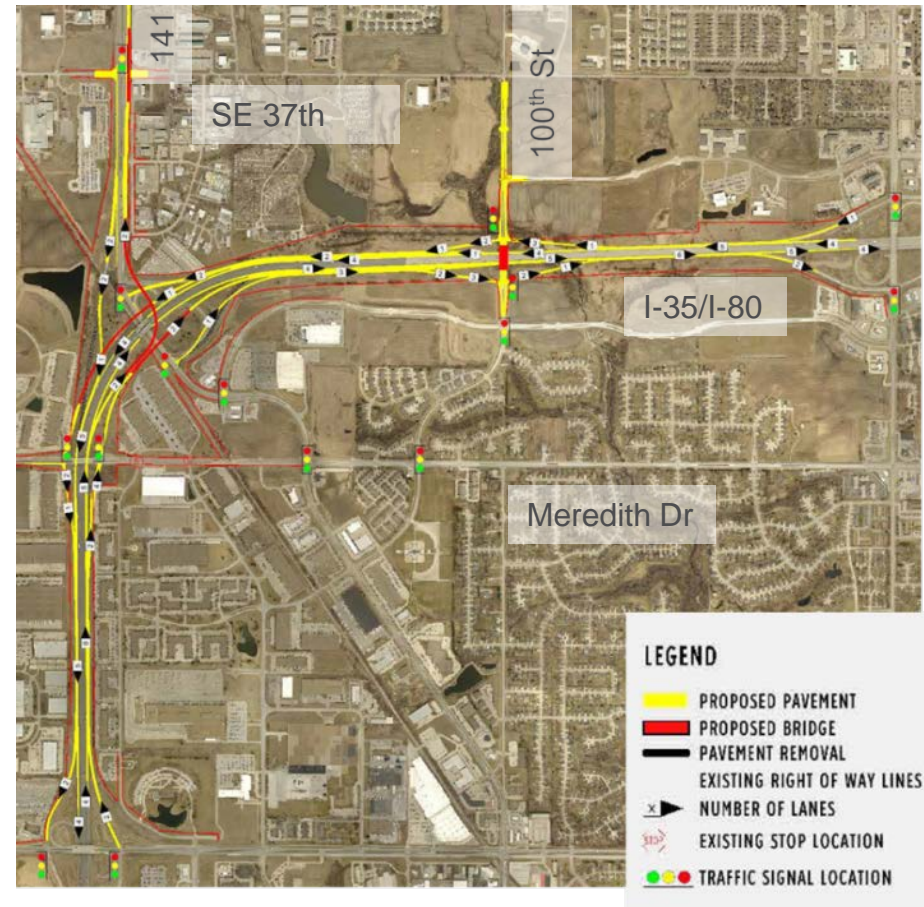
LEGEND

- SEPARATE PROJECT (NW 100TH ST BRIDGE INTERCHANGE PROJECT) NOT INCLUDED IN PROPOSED ACTION
- PROPOSED I-35/I-80/IA 141 INTERCHANGE IMPROVEMENTS
- EXISTING / NO IMPROVEMENT



Preferred Alternative

- Dual-Lane Flyover
- New interchange access at Meredith Dr. and 100th St
- Collector-Distributor
- Grade separation at SE 37th
- Achieved adding 4th lane each direction on mainline w/ existing 141 bridge



Preferred Alternative



ILLUSTRATIVE RENDERING FINAL BUILD-1

VIEW LOOKING NORTHEAST

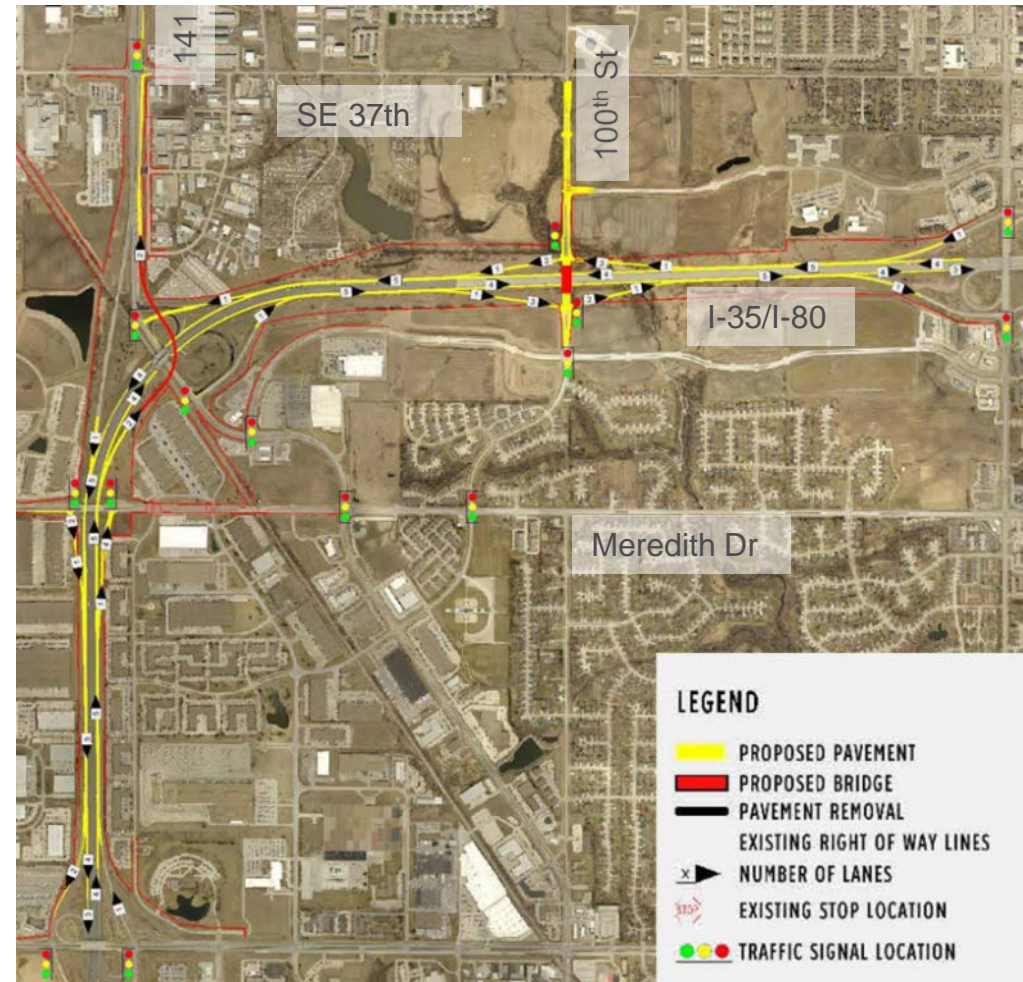


PUBLIC HEARING
I-35/ I-80/ Iowa 141 Interchange Study
Interchange Justification Report and Environmental Assessment
Polk County, IA



Initial Build

- Dual-Lane Flyover
- New interchange access at Meredith Dr. and 100th St.
- Partial access at Meredith connected via local network
- Achieved adding 4th lane each direction on mainline w/ existing 141 bridge



Initial Build



ILLUSTRATIVE RENDERING INITIAL BUILD-1

VIEW LOOKING NORTHEAST

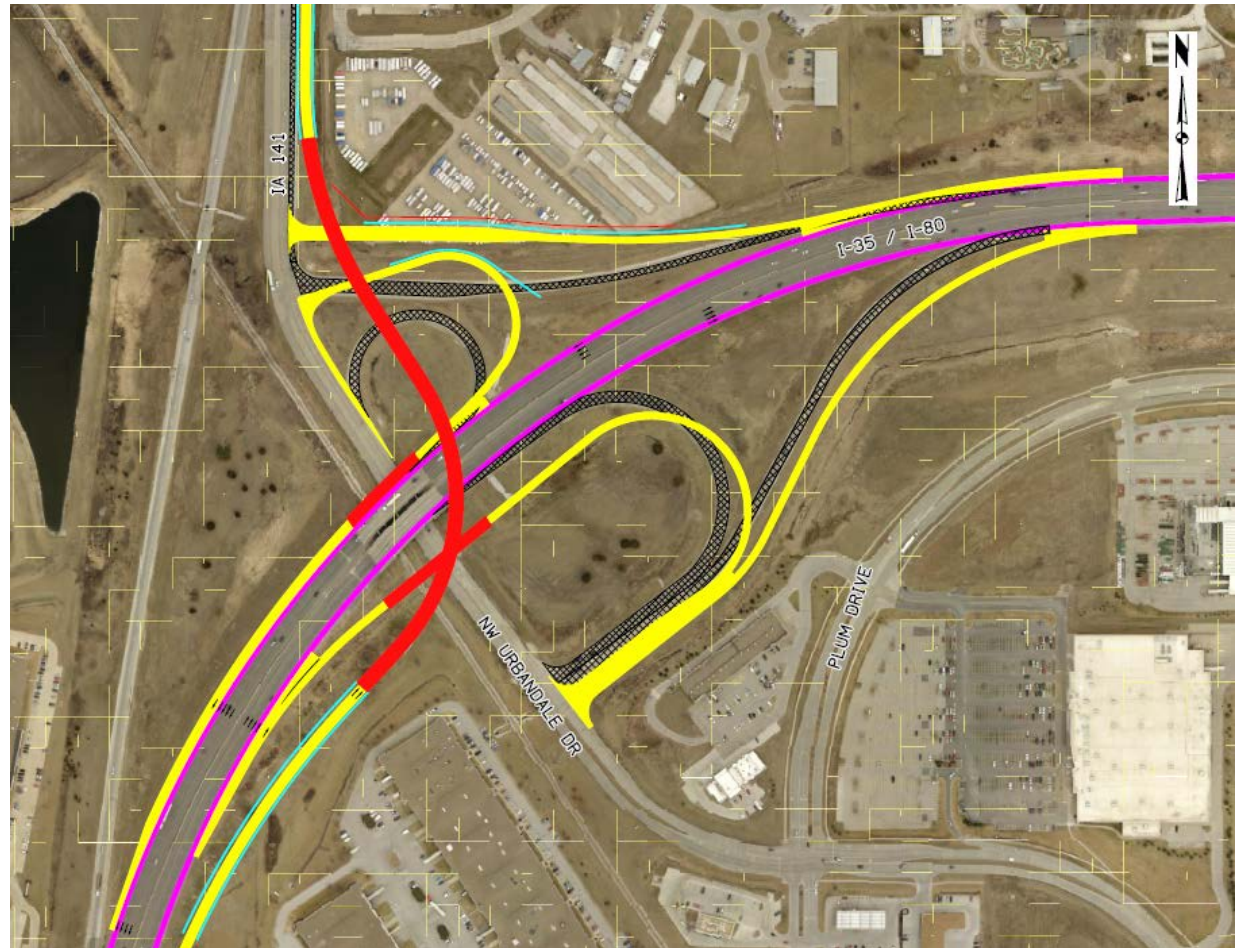


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Why Can't the Existing Loop Ramps Remain?

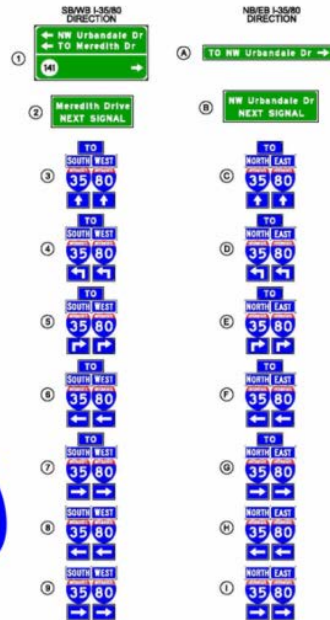
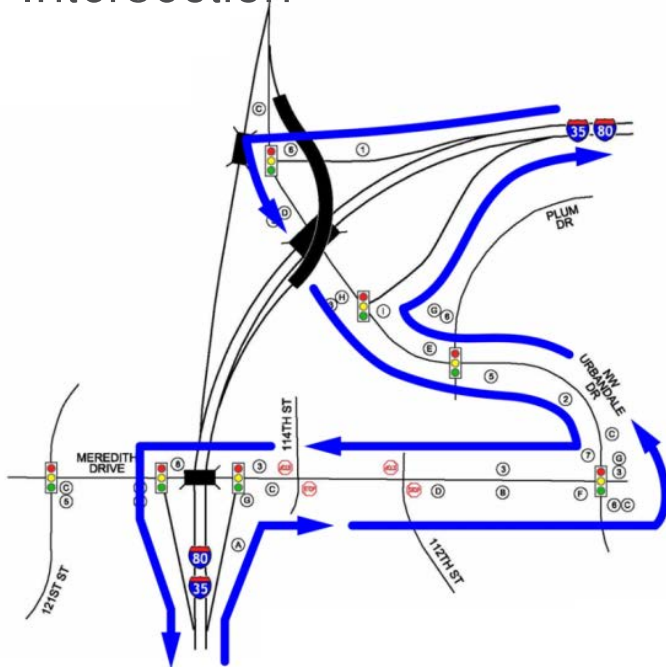
- Existing loops would require rebuild
- Additional cost
- Loops not viable with C/D road concept
- Complex traffic signing required
- Reduces distance from flyover to SE 37th Street
- Department desire to remove loop ramps on curve



Practical Design Elements

Policy Point 4 - Full Access

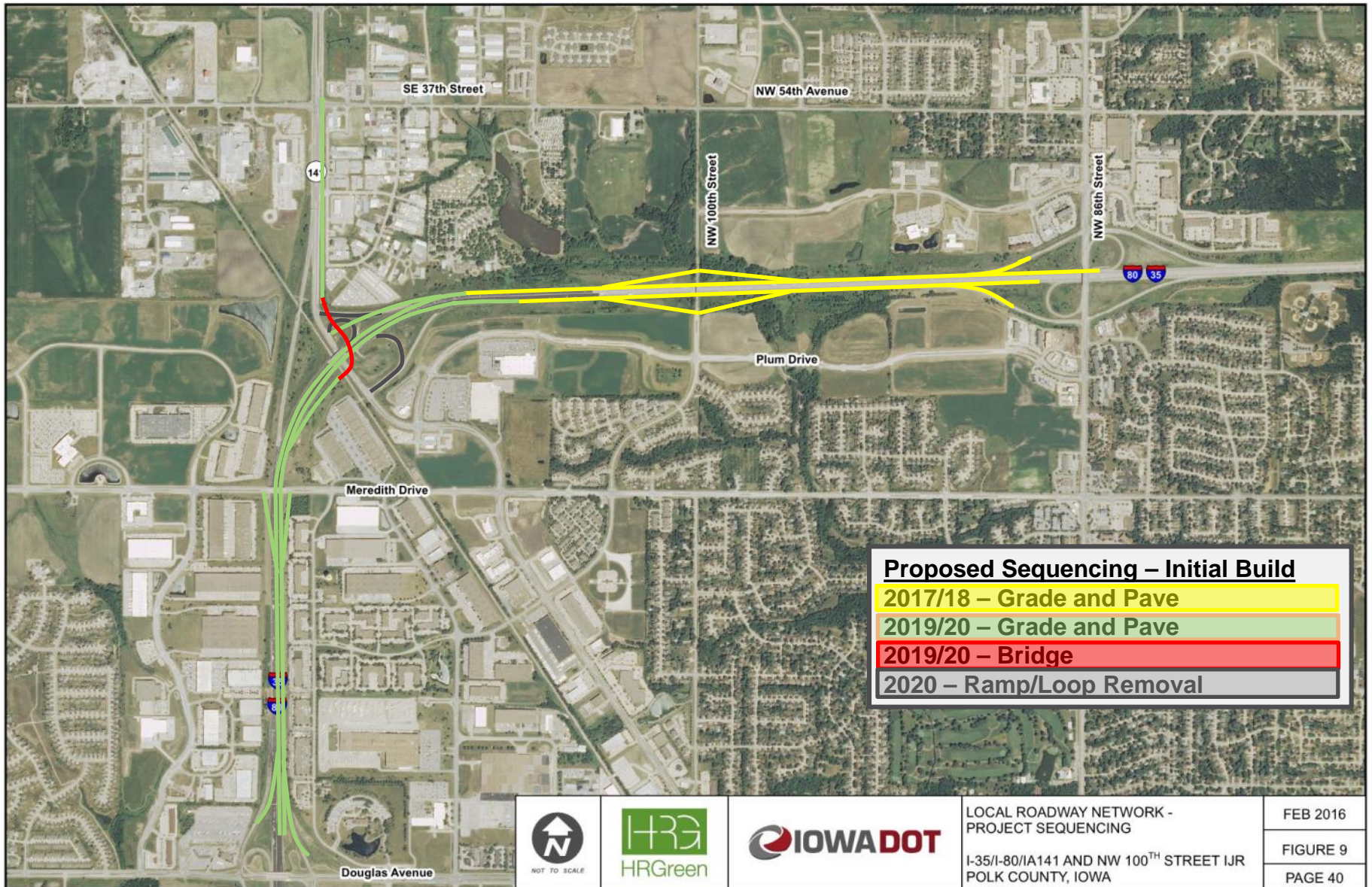
- Initial Build Way-Finding
- City improved NW Urbandale Drive/Meredith Drive Intersection



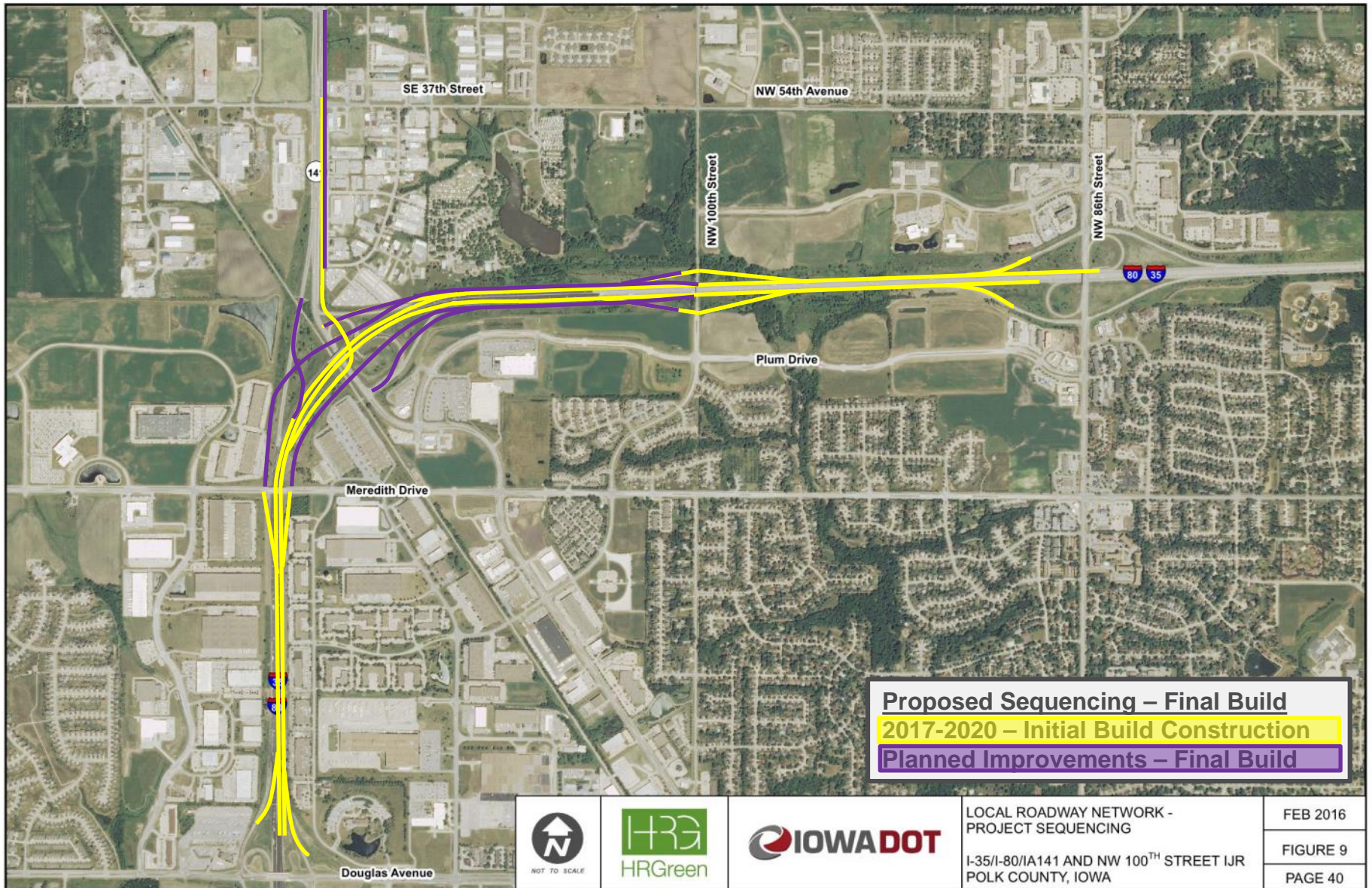
Viable Cost Model

- Preferred Alternative: \$178M
 - 100th St interchange=\$24.4M City-DOT project (2017-2018)
 - Initial Build=\$64.5M (2019-2020)
 - Final Build=\$89M (TBD)

Project Sequencing for the Initial Build of the Preferred Alternative

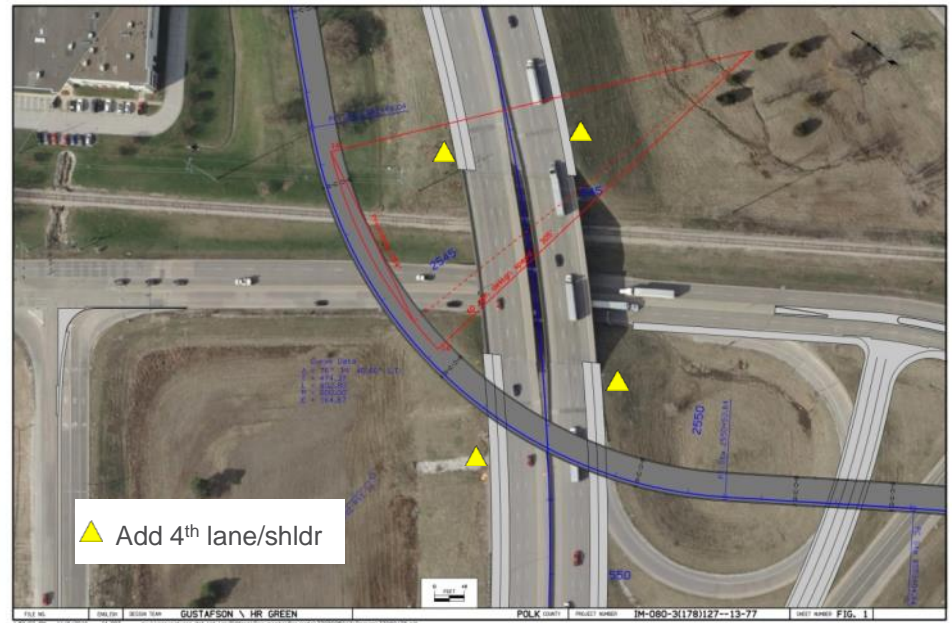


Project Sequencing for the Final Build of the Preferred Alternative



Practical Design Elements

Repurpose loop Accel/Decel lanes on the existing bridge to additional through lanes



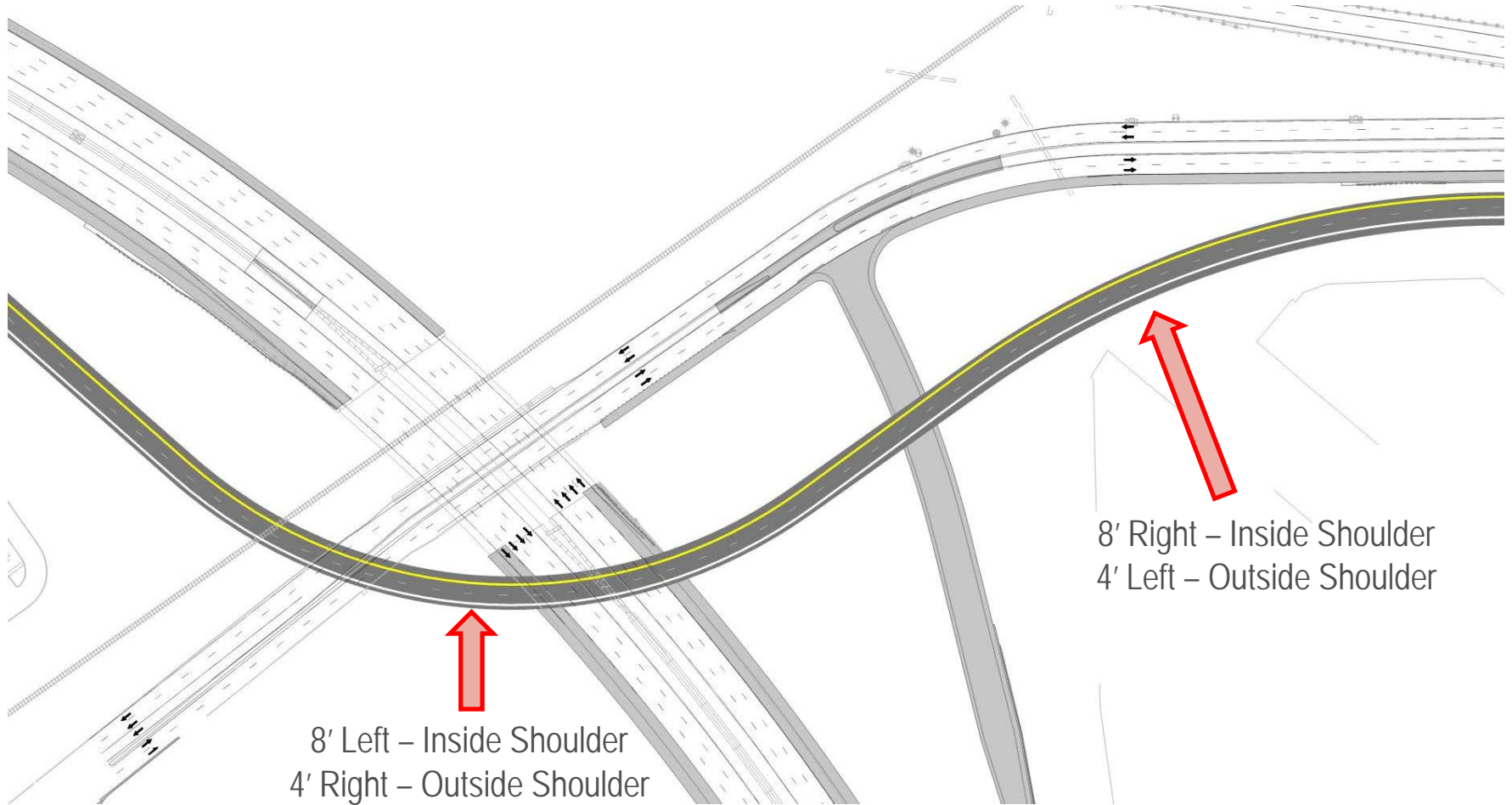
Flyover Geometric Design Criteria

Semi-Directional Ramp – 2 Lane – Design Criteria

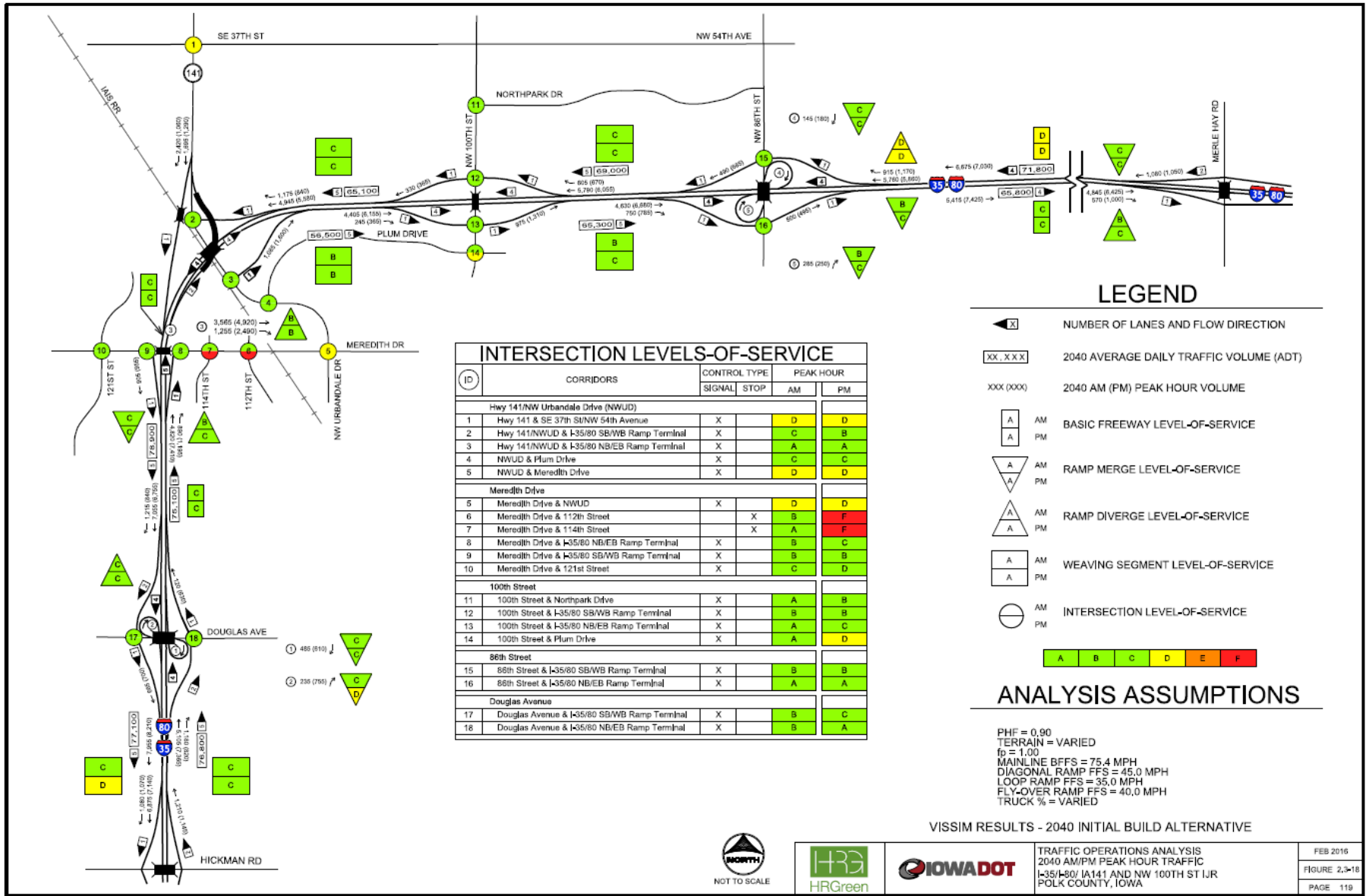
	Preferred	Acceptable	Project	Notes
Design Speed	50 mph	40 mph	40 mph	
Radius/Super e	1530'/5% 2480'/4%	950'/5% 1530'/4%	600'/3%*	*Low Speed Urban Criteria Winter conditions & inspection equipment
Shoulder - L/R	4'/6'	4'/6'	8'/4'	
Horiz SSD	425'	305'	254'*	*w/ 8' Shldr on Left. Adequate for 35mph. 44" Bridge Rail

Practical Design Elements

Flyover Bridge Pavement Markings – Sight Distance
Shoulder shift through tangent section



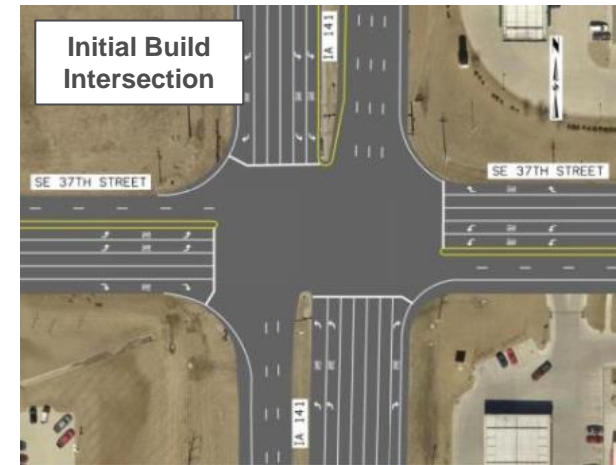
2040 Initial Traffic Operations



Practical Design Elements

Initial Build at SE 37th

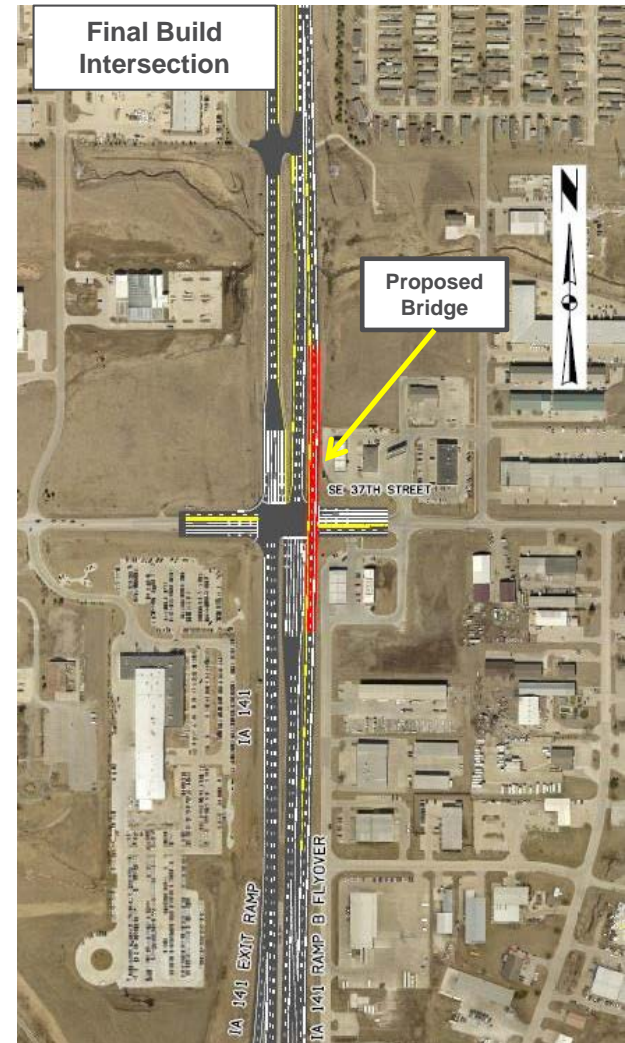
- Expanded intersection
- 1,200 foot weaving section from flyover
- VISSIM simulations
- Influenced flyover geometry



Practical Design Elements

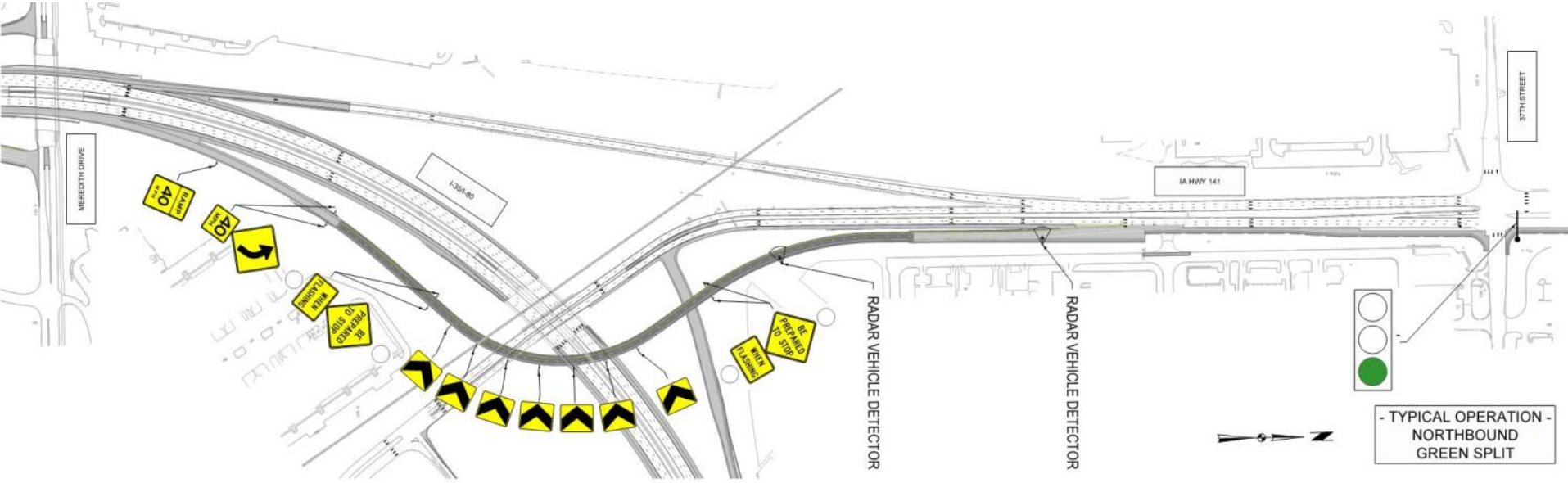
Final Build at SE 37th

- Bridge over for NB flyover traffic
- Mitigate queuing concerns



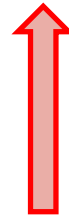
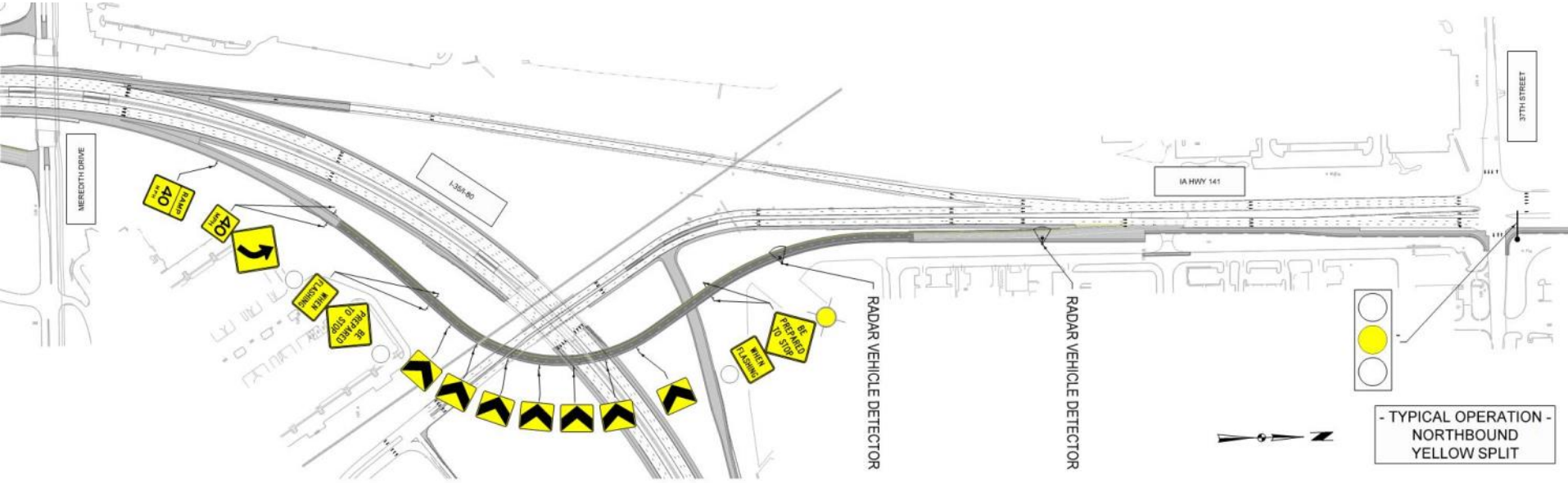
Practical Design Elements

Queue Detection Warning System



Practical Design Elements

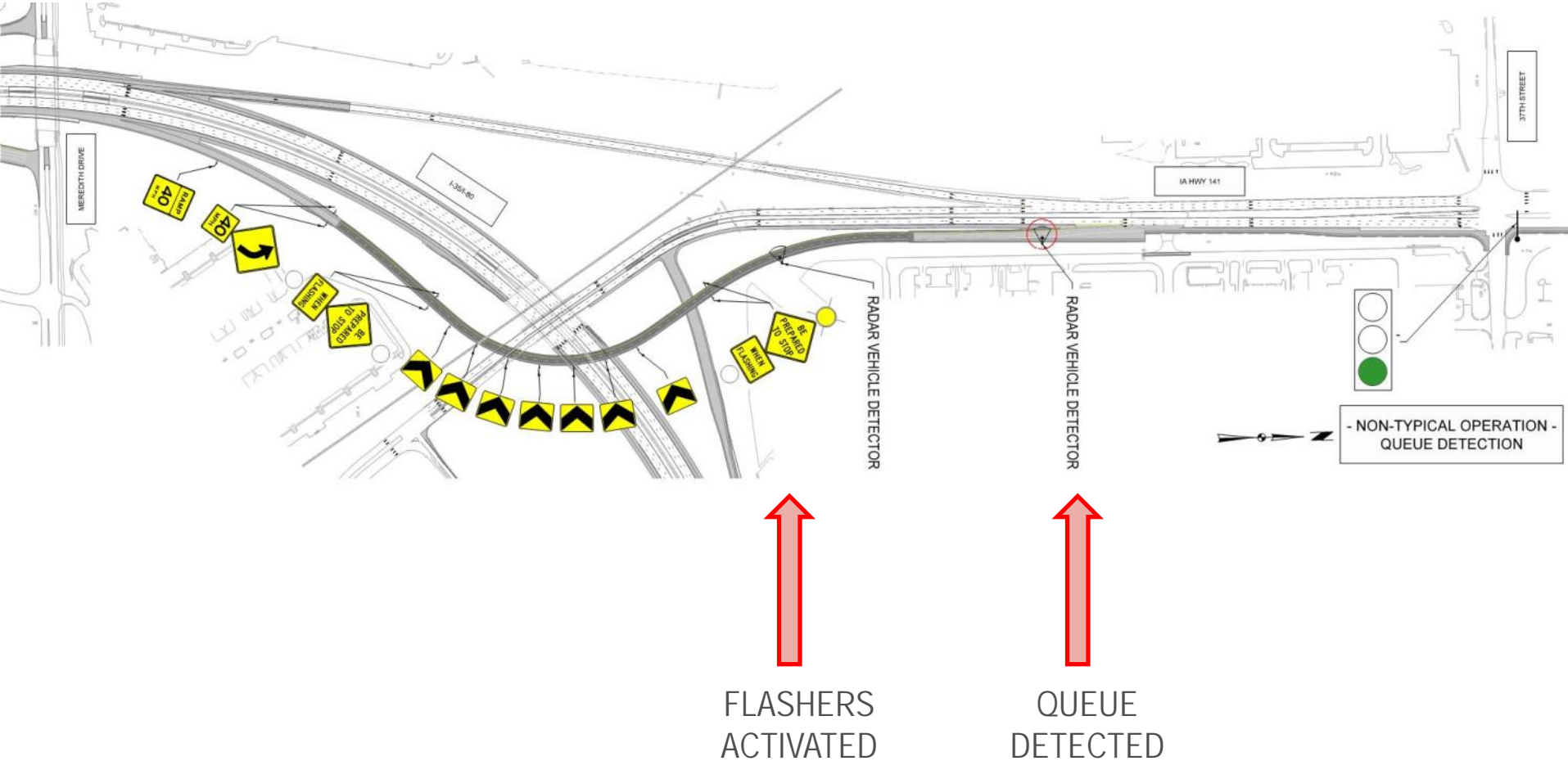
Queue Detection Warning System



FLASHERS
ACTIVATED

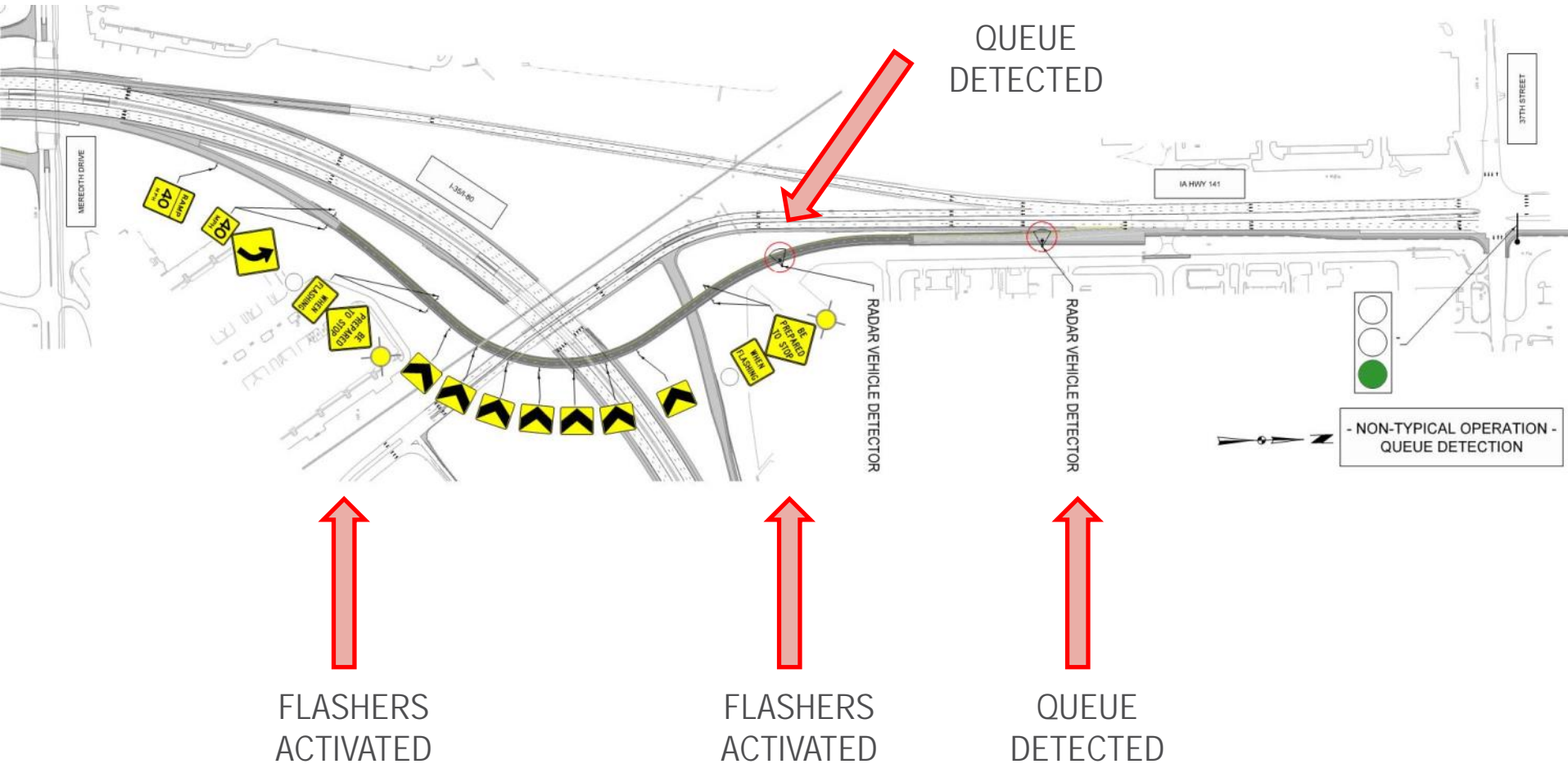
Practical Design Elements

Queue Detection Warning System



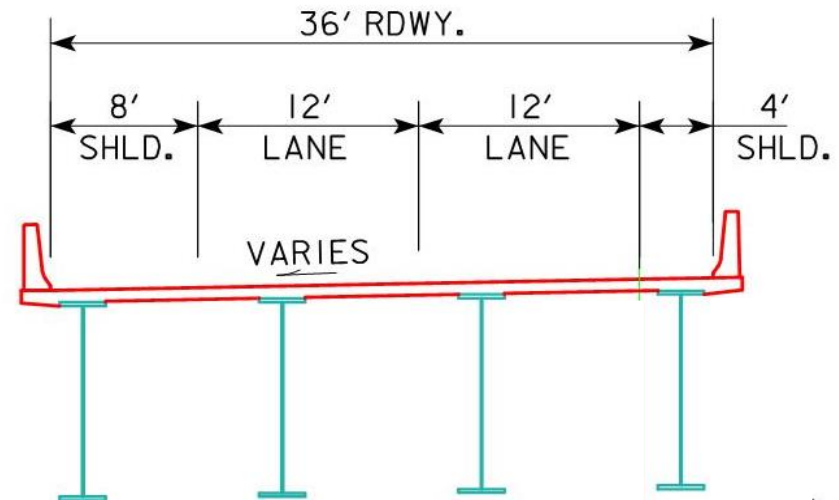
Practical Design Elements

Queue Detection Warning System

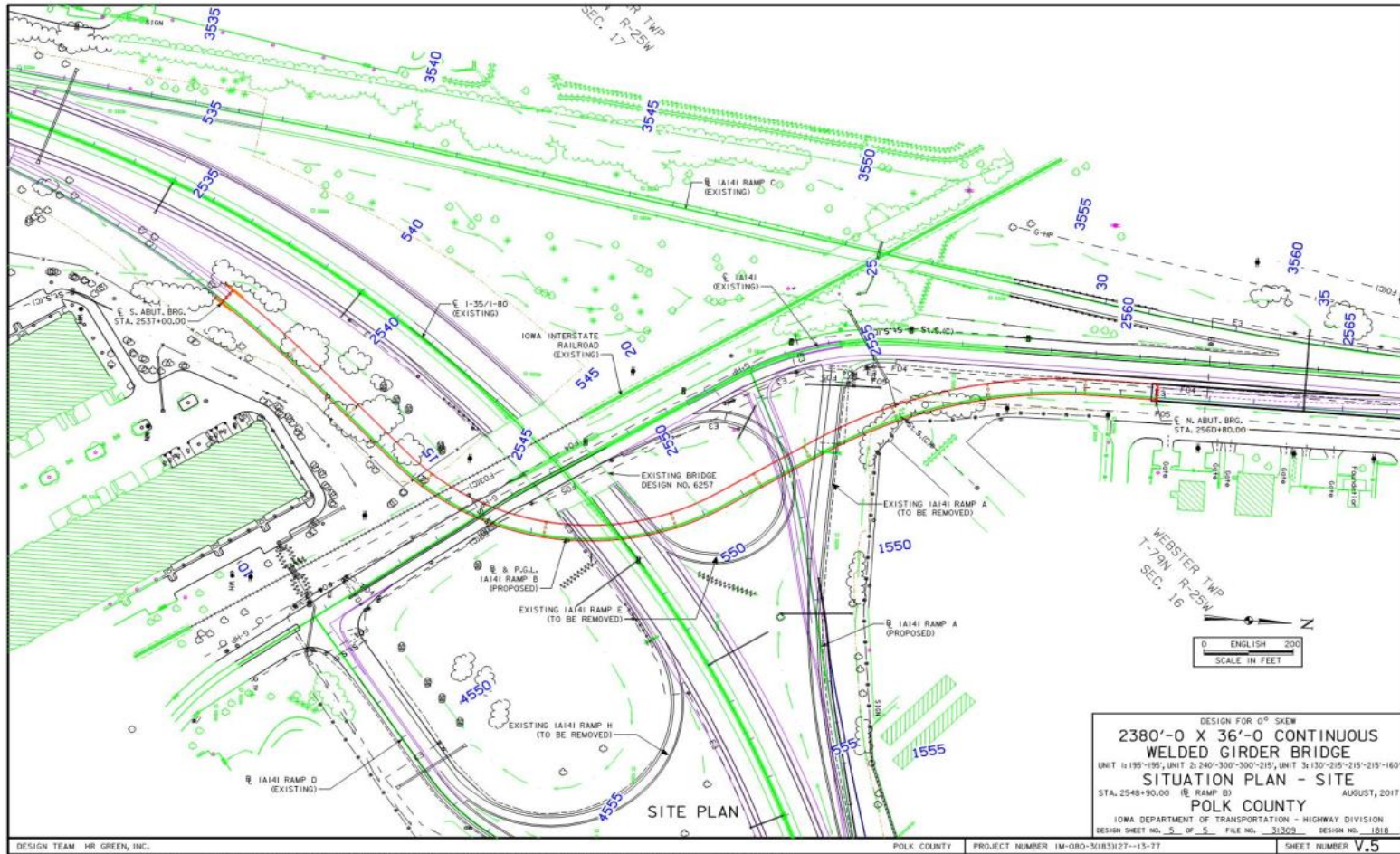


Design - Bridge Considerations

- Typical Section, Horizontal and Vertical Alignment
 - 2380 foot long horizontally curved steel plate girder
 - 3 horizontal curves with two reverse curves
 - 36' roadway, 4 girders with 11' girder spacing
 - 1 vertical curve
 - 3 Units
 - 8'- 12' girder depth



Design - Bridge Considerations



- Coordination with Mid America Energy and Railroad

Design – Bridge Considerations



- Alignment to account for existing, proposed and future elements
- Iowa did not want mixed girder types
- No piers in median of interstate
- MSE wall height limits of 25 feet or less increased spans

Design – Bridge Considerations

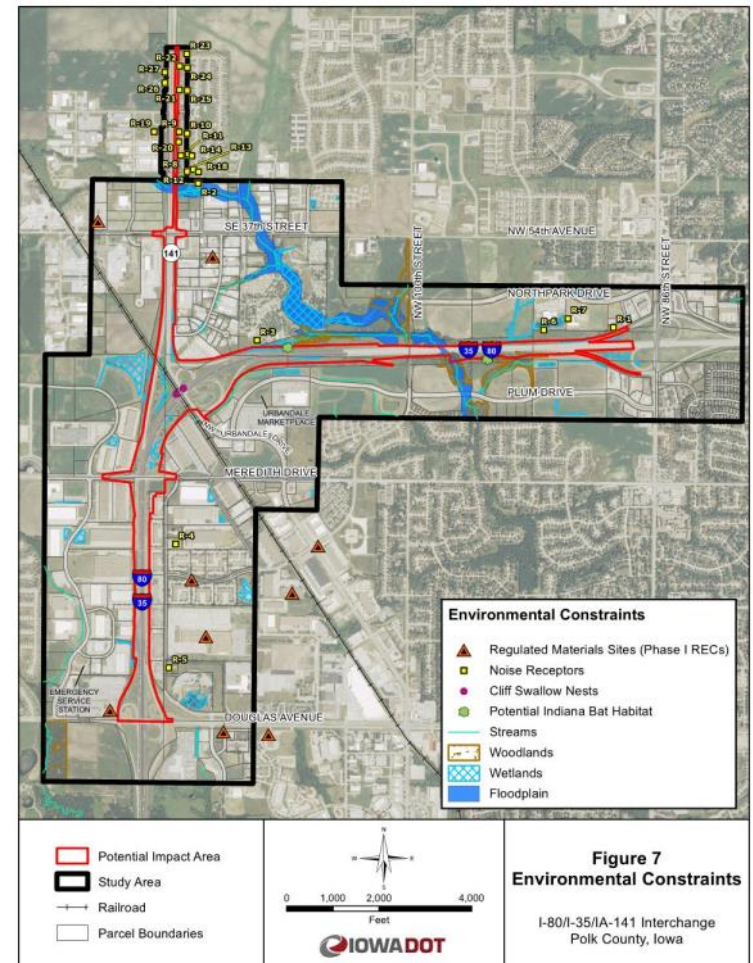


- Barriers placed so **no collision force** on piers
- **Design exception** of 600 foot radius vs AASHTO 1000 foot minimum
- **Inspection walkway** over I-80 and railroad
- **Superelevation kept to 3%** for snoopers setup beyond inspection walkway

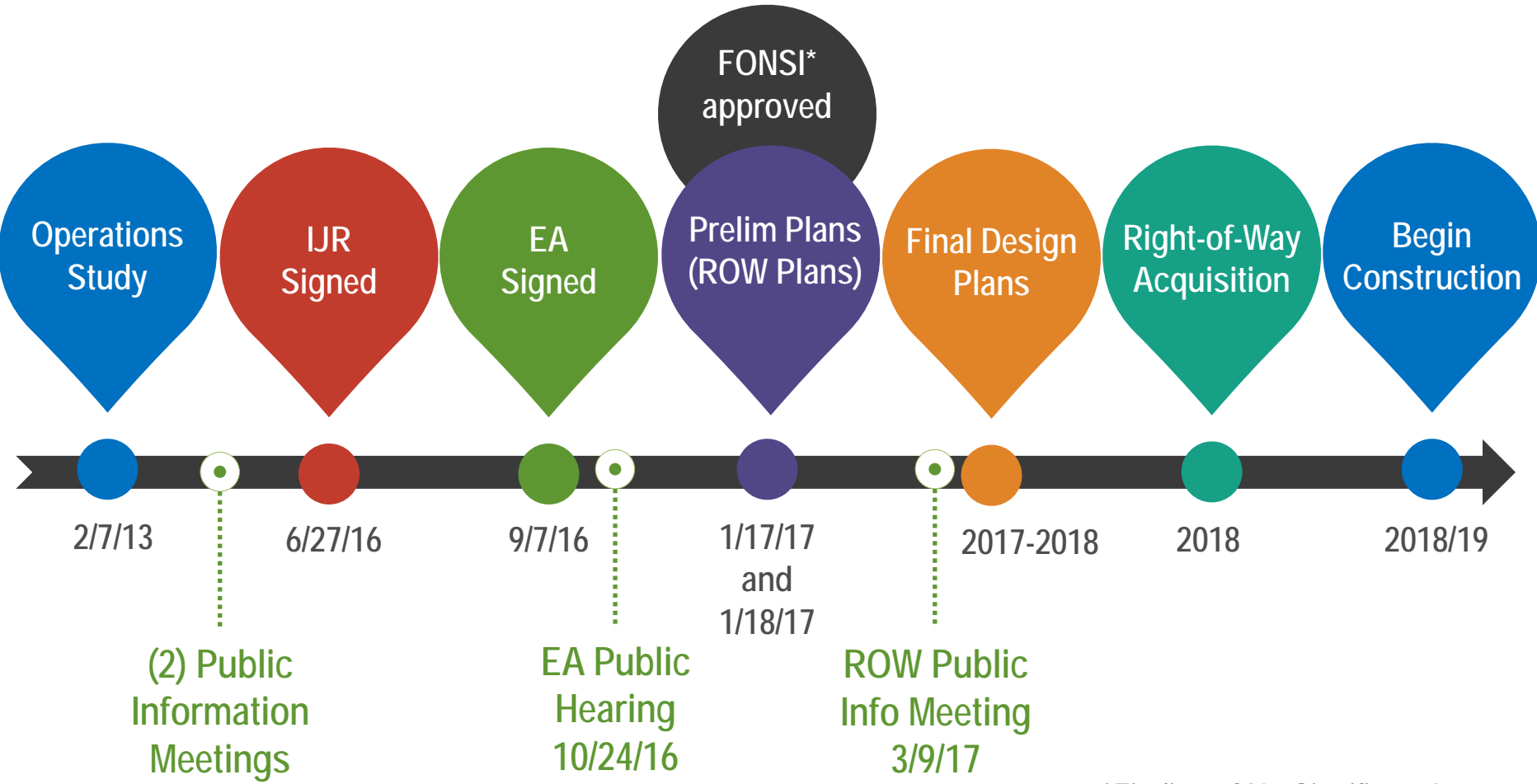
Environmental Assessment and Impacts – EA

Issue	No Build Alternative	Preferred Alternative
Right of Way Acquisition (acres)	0	8.5
Potential Displacements (number)	0	1 Building / 6 Tenants
Wetland Impacts (acres)	0	1.86
Surface Waters and Water Quality (linear feet)	0	948
Floodplains (acres)	0	1.9
Noise Impacts (number)	1	7
Utilities (number of crossings)	0	13
Visual	No Change	Minor Change

*Impacts based on project level data and field study information.



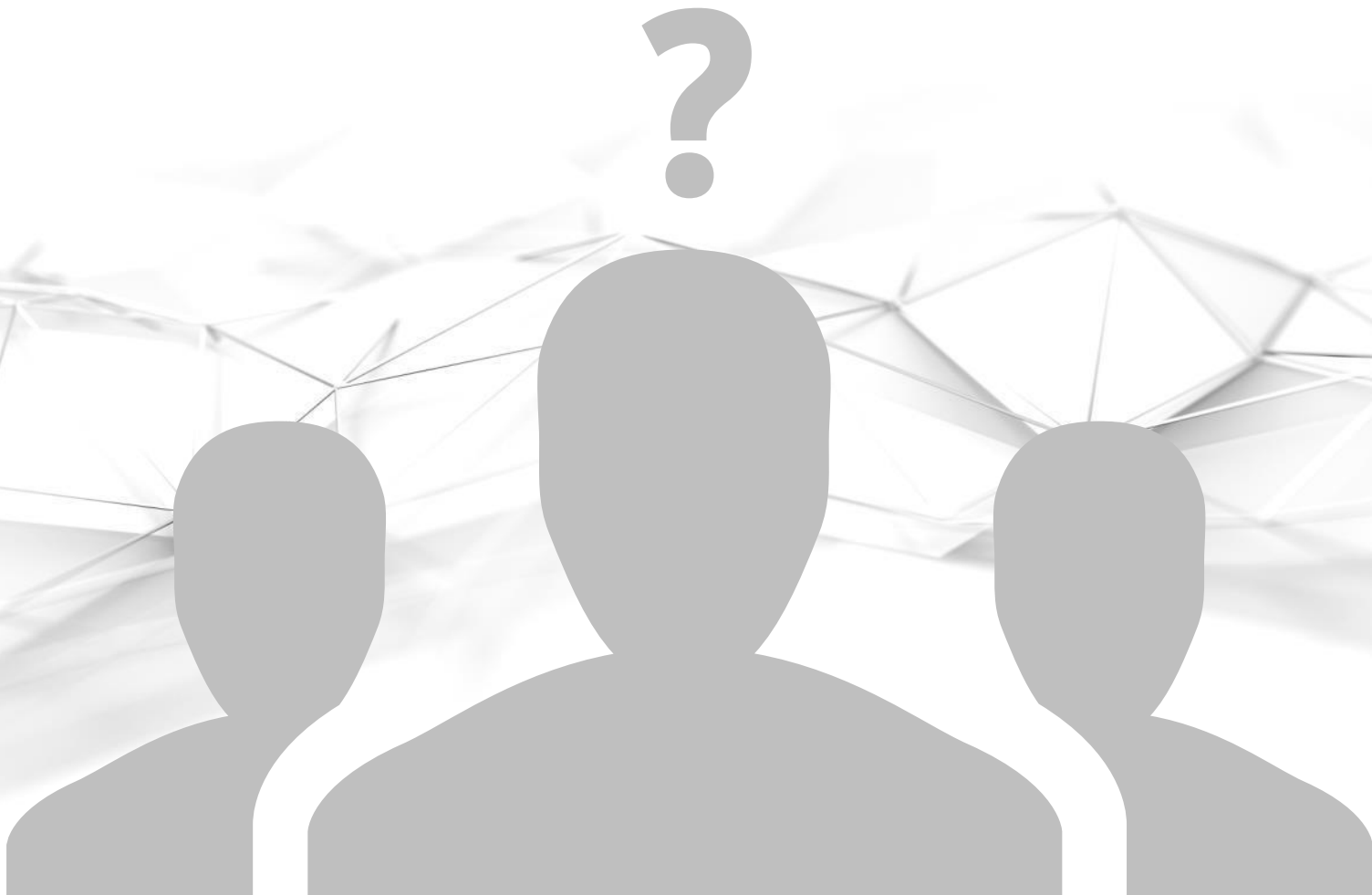
Project Development



FONSI* approved

*Finding of No Significant Impact

Questions from the Audience?



Contact Information



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